Independent Auditor's Report and Financials Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the School Board Hill City School District No. 51-2 Hill City, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hill City School District No. 51-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, as item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **School District's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota

ELO Puf LRC

May 31, 2023



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the School Board Hill City School District No. 51-2 Hill City, South Dakota

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Hill City School District No. 51-2, South Dakota (School District), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Hill City School District No. 51-2 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to School District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above
  and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota

C10 Pay LAC

May 31, 2023

Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2022

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:			
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	X	Yes	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	XNone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	XNo
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	XNo
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodifi	ied		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.156(a).		Yes	XNo
Identifcation of Major Programs:			
CFDA Number(s)  84.425D  84.425U  Name of Federal Program or Clus Elementary and Secondary School Emergency F American Rescue Plan Emelentary and Secondary	Relief Fu		gency Relief
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$	750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X		No

Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2022 (Continued)

## Section II - Financial Statement Findings

## Finding 2022-001

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Year-end Closing Procedures Including Preparation of the Financial Statements

<u>Criteria:</u> Hill City School District 51-2 requested the external auditors to assist in the preparation of the financial statements, related footnotes, and the SEFA for the year ended June 30, 2022. As part of the financial statement preparation process, at times we propose material audit adjustments that are not identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls and, therefore, could result in a misstatement to the School District's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: The School District's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements, footnotes, and the SEFA, which includes having an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements being audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause:</u> The limited size of the School District's staff and resources cause the inability to prepare the financial statements, footnotes, and the schedule of federal awards.

<u>Effect:</u> This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Repeat Finding from Prior Years(s): Yes

<u>Auditor's Recommendation:</u> This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of this size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. Also, a thorough review of the transactions in each fund should take place prior to the beginning of the audit, to ensure generally accepted accounting principles have been followed for each fund type, especially for transaction types infrequent in occurrence.

<u>View of Management</u>: Management agrees with the finding. A response can be found in the Corrective Action Plan.

## **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

There are no findings or questioned costs relating to federal award programs which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.156(a).

488 Main Street Hill City, SD 57745

Office of the Business Manager Phone: (605)-574-3030

## **Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings**

## Finding 2021-001

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Year-end Closing Process Including Preparation of the Financial Statements

<u>Condition</u>: The School District's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements, footnotes, and the SEFA, which includes having an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements being audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Criteria:</u> Hill City School District 51-2 requested the external auditors to assist in the preparation of the financial statements, related footnotes, and the SEFA for the year ended June 30, 2021. As part of the financial statement preparation process, at times we propose material audit adjustments that are not identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls and, therefore, could result in a misstatement to the School District's financial statements.

<u>Auditor's Recommendation:</u> This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of this size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. Also, a thorough review of the transactions in each fund should take place prior to the beginning of the audit, to ensure generally accepted accounting principles have been followed for each fund type, especially for transaction types infrequent in occurrence.

<u>Current Status</u>: We requested that our auditors, ELO Prof LLC, prepare the financial statements, notes to the financials, and SEFA as part of their annual audit. We designated a member of management to review the drafted financial statements and accompanying notes, and we have reviewed and agree with material adjustments proposed during the audit.

Office of the Business Manager Phone: (605)-574-3030

488 Main Street Hill City, SD 57745

# **Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited)**

Hill City School District No. 51-2 respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

ELO Prof. LLC PO Box 951 Huron, SD 57350

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

# **Finding 2022-001**

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Year-end Closing Process Including Preparation of the Financial Statements

<u>Criteria:</u> Hill City School District 51-2 requested the external auditors to assist in the preparation of the financial statements, related footnotes, and the SEFA for the year ended June 30, 2022. As part of the financial statement preparation process, at times we propose material audit adjustments that are not identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls and, therefore, could result in a misstatement to the School District's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: The School District's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements, footnotes, and the SEFA, which includes having an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements being audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause</u>: The limited size of the School District's staff and resources cause the inability to prepare the financial statements, footnotes, and the schedule of federal awards.

<u>Effect:</u> This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

<u>Auditor's Recommendation:</u> This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of this size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. Also, a thorough review of the transactions in each fund should take place prior to the beginning of the audit, to ensure generally accepted accounting principles have been followed for each fund type, especially for transaction types infrequent in occurrence.

<u>Management's Response:</u> The Hill City School District's agrees with the finding. We requested that our auditors, ELO Prof LLC, prepare the financial statements, notes to the financials, and SEFA as part of their annual audit. Moving forward, we will be preparing our own SEFA. We have designated a member of management to review the drafted financial statements and accompanying notes, and we have reviewed and agree with material adjustments proposed during the audit.

**Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing** 

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Anjar Voorhees, Business Manager, at 605-574-3030.



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Hill City School District No. 51-2 Hill City, South Dakota

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hill City School District No. 51-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hill City School District No. 51-2 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District Contributions, and the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Huron, South Dakota

C10 Pof LLC

May 31, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

This section of Hill City School District No. 51-2's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

- During the 21-22 year, the District's revenues of \$8,351,904 generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental and business-type programs were \$2,338,794 more than the \$6,013,110 in governmental and business-type program expenditures. Mainly due to increased federal dollars and property taxes.
- The District applies for Impact aid every year to supplement property tax revenues not available because of the federal land in the school district. The school received \$441,031 in Impact aid in FY 2022.
- The total cost of the District's programs decreased by 8.83%.

#### **Overview Of The Financial Statements**

This report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements include two kinds of statements that present different view of the District.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the School operates like businesses. The proprietary funds operated by the District are the Food Service Operation (Fund 51), and Fitness Center (Fund 53).
  - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the School government covered and the types of information contained. The reminder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of Hill City District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government- Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire School government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and high school education programs	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses, the food service operation, preschool, PASS, and the drivers' education program	Instances in which the School is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required Financial Statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of Net         Position     </li> <li>Statement of         Revenues, Expenses             and Changes in Net             Position     </li> <li>Statement of Cash             Flows</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of Fiduciary Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position</li> </ul>
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such as
  elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive
  administration, board of education, fiscal services, etc.), debt service payments, extracurricular activities
  (sports, debate, music, etc.) and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state grants, and federal
  grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District charges a fee to students to help cover the costs of providing breakfast and hot lunch services to all students. The Food Service Fund and the Other Enterprise Funds (Fitness Center) are the only business-type activities of the District.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

#### The School has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund's statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short- and longterm financial information. The Food Service, and the Fitness Center are Enterprise funds are the only proprietary funds maintained by the District.
- Fiduciary Funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and a statement of changes in net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

## Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

#### **Net Position**

Table A-1
Hill City School District No. 51-2
Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Rusiness-Ti	ype Activities	To	Percentage Change	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021-2022
Current and Other Assets	\$ 9,679,799	\$ 11,721,804	\$ 87,222	\$ 151,374	\$ 9,767,021	\$ 11,873,178	21.56%
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	9,321,412	10,074,731	4,154	3,212	9,325,566	10,077,943	8.07%
Total Assets	19,001,211	21,796,535	91,376	154,586	19,092,587	21,951,121	14.97%
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	969,793	1,389,559	19,792		989,585	1 200 550	40.42%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources						1,389,559	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	969,793	1,389,559	19,792		989,585	1,389,559	40.42%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	2,132,093	2,033,181			2,132,093	2,033,181	-4.64%
Other Liabilities	689,532	637,640	17,126	10,233	706,658	647,873	-8.32%
Total Liabilities	2,821,625	2,670,821	17,126	10,233	2,838,751	2,681,054	-5.56%
Taxes Levied for Future Period	2,977,714	2,707,135			2,977,714	2,707,135	-9.09%
Pension and OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	737,817	1,910,018	15,057		752,874	1,910,018	153.70%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,715,531	4,617,153	15,057		3,730,588	4,617,153	23.76%
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,157,441	8,012,441	4,154	3,212	7,161,595	8,015,653	11.93%
Restricted	2,680,478	3,693,748	4,850		2,685,328	3,693,748	37.55%
Unrestricted	3,595,929	4,191,931	69,981	141,141	3,665,910	4,333,072	18.20%
Total Net Position	13,433,848	15,898,120	78,985	144,353	13,512,833	16,042,473	18.72%
Positiving Not Position	12,698,000	13,433,848	FO 77F	70.000	12 757 775	12 512 022	
Beginning Net Position	12,698,000		59,775	78,985	12,757,775	13,512,833	
Restatements (See Note 13)		190,846				190,846	7.410/
Restated Beginning Net Position	12,698,000	13,624,694	59,775	78,985	12,757,775	13,703,679	7.41%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 735,848	\$ 2,273,426	\$ 19,210	\$ 65,368	\$ 755,058	\$ 2,338,794	
Percentage of Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	5.79%	16.69%	32.14%	82.76%	5.92%	17.31%	

The District's combined net position increased as follows: The District's combined net position of approximately \$16.1 million is approximately \$2.3 million or 7.41% more than on June 30, 2021.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of net pension liability, compensated absences payable, Capital outlay certificates, and capital leases, have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is its net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

# **Changes in Net Position**

The District's revenues totaled \$8,023,179. (See Table A-4.) This was an approximately 12.47% increase. Approximately 78.4% of the District's revenue comes from property and other taxes, with another 12.7% from federal sources. (See Table A-2.)

Table A-2
Hill City School District No. 51-2
Statement of Revenues
Fiscal Year 2021-2022

Taxes	\$ 6,290,315		75.31%
Operating grants	1,160,617		13.90%
Federal sources	611,957		7.33%
State sources	124,469		1.49%
Other general revenue	99,226		1.19%
Charges for services	47,865		0.57%
Intermediate sources	17,205		0.21%
Unrestricted investment sources	250		0.00%
Total Revenues	\$ 8,351,904	:	100.00%

Total costs of all programs and service decreased by approximately 9.86%. The District's expenses totaled \$6,013,110. (See Table A-4.) The District's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support services, interest on long term debt, co-curricular activities, food services, and fitness center. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3
Hill City School District No. 51-2
Statement of Expenditures
Fiscal Year 2021-2022

Instruction	\$ 3,191,769	53.08%
Support services	2,156,352	35.86%
Cocurricular activities	373,593	6.21%
Food service	254,769	4.24%
Interest on long-term debt	27,546	0.46%
Fitness center	8,588	0.14%
Community services	 493	 0.01%
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,013,110	100.00%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

# **Governmental and Business-Type Activities**

Table A-4 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the District.

Table A-4
Hill City School District 51-2
Changes in Net Position

	Governr	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total										
	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022	2021-2022
Revenues		_										
Program Revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 27,24	48	\$ 25,940	\$	30,270	\$	21,925	\$	57,518	\$	47,865	-16.78%
Operating grants and contributions	462,63	35	853,817		228,808		306,800		691,443		1,160,617	67.85%
General Revenues												
Taxes	5,749,92	23	6,290,315						5,749,923		6,290,315	9.40%
Revenue state sources	120,29	91	124,469						120,291		124,469	3.47%
Revenue federal sources	723,55	53	611,957						723,553		611,957	-15.42%
Revenue intermediate sources	14,74	42	17,205						14,742		17,205	16.71%
Unrestricted investment earnings	24	40	250						240		250	4.17%
Other general revenues	68,23	17_	99,226						68,217		99,226	45.46%
Total Revenues	7,166,84	19	8,023,179		259,078		328,725		7,425,927		8,351,904	12.47%
Expenses												
Instruction	3,548,33	17	3,191,769						3,548,317		3,191,769	-10.05%
Support services	2,524,26		2,156,352						2,524,265		2,156,352	-14.58%
Community services		26	493						326		493	51.23%
Cocurricular activities	317,6	53	373,593						317,653		373,593	17.61%
Interest on long-term debt	40,44	40	27,546						40,440		27,546	-31.88%
Food service					232,845		254,769		232,845		254,769	9.42%
Other enterprise activity					7,023		8,588		7,023		8,588	22.28%
Total Expenses	6,431,00	01	5,749,753		239,868		263,357		6,670,869		6,013,110	-9.86%
Increase in Net Position	735,84	48	2,273,426		19,210		65,368		755,058		2,338,794	209.75%
Beginning Net Position	12,698,00	00	13,433,848		59,775		78,985	1	12,757,775		13,512,833	5.92%
Restatements (See Note 13)			190,846								190,846	
Restated Beginning Net Position	12,698,00	00	13,624,694		59,775		78,985		12,757,775		13,703,679	7.41%
Ending Net Position	\$ 13,433,84	48	\$ 15,898,120	\$	78,985	\$	144,353	\$ 1	13,512,833	\$	16,042,473	18.72%

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the District's governmental activities are up \$856K, mainly due to federal dollars and property taxes. Expenditures are down \$681K mainly in instruction and support services.

# **Business-Type Activities**

Net position of the District's business-type activities increased \$65,368.

# **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

Overall, the governmental funds have increased approximately \$1.3 million in fund balance over last year. This was mainly due to increased federal dollars and property taxes, a decrease in expenditures, and a restatement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District School Board revised the District's budget several times. These amendments were supplemental appropriations and contingency transfers approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.

# **Capital Asset Administration**

By the end of 2022, the District had invested \$10,077,943 (net of depreciation/amortization) in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-5.) The capitalization threshold remains at \$25,000 for all improvements, \$50,000 for all buildings, \$5,000 for all equipment for governmental activities and \$5,000 for business type activities, and \$45,000 for intangible lease assets.

Table A-5
Hill City School District - Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Busine Activ	ss-typ	e		Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change	
		2021		2022		2021		2022	2021-2022		2021-2022	
Land and CIP	\$	388,891	\$	388,891	\$		\$		\$		0.00%	
Buildings		8,505,032		8,222,568						(282,464)	-3.44%	
Improvements other than buildings		223,952		290,460						66,508	22.90%	
Machinery and equipment		203,537		473,640		4,154		3,212		269,161	56.83%	
Intangible lease assets				699,172						699,172	100.00%	
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$	9,321,412	\$	10,074,731	\$	4,154	\$	3,212	\$	752,377	7.47%	

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$2,033,181 in long-term obligations. This balance includes Capital outlay certificates, leases, direct borrowings, and accrued sick leave payable. See individual balances as shown on Table A-6 below:

Table A-6 Hill City School District - Outstanding Debt and Obligations

		Gover Act	nmen ivities	tal		Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change
	_	2021		2022	2	021-2022	2021-2022
Capital outlay	\$	1,956,038	\$	1,229,538	\$	(726,500)	-37.14%
Direct borrowings		144,177		73,497		(70,680)	-49.02%
Leases				701,037		701,037	100.00%
Compensated absences		31,878		29,109		(2,769)	-8.69%
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$	2,132,093	\$	2,033,181	\$	(98,912)	-4.64%

The District is liable for the accrued sick leave payable to all staff. The accrual liability is reported as compensated absences in the above schedule and with the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The District's current economic position has shown little change. Local revenues have increased slightly due to increases in state and federal funding and slight increases in property values. No significant increases in revenues expected.

The District receives minimal state aid, so we rely on property taxes and national forest receipts to fund the budget. The District has continued to cut costs wherever possible to help maintain expenditures and increase the fund balance for the general fund.

The District's fall enrollment for the last three years has been as follows:

		Percent
		(Decrease)
Year	ADM	in ADM
2022	502	3.08%
2021	487	5.41%
2020	462	1.99%

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Hill City School District's Business Office, 488 Main Street, Hill City, SD 57745.

Statement of Net Position – Government-Wide June 30, 2022

	Primary G	overnment			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,041,488	\$ 145,783	\$ 7,187,271		
Taxes receivable	3,003,343		3,003,343		
Inventories		1,005	1,005		
Other assets	688,357	4,586	692,943		
Net Pension Asset	988,616		988,616		
Capital assets:					
Land	388,891		388,891		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,685,840	3,212	9,689,052		
Total Assets	21,796,535	154,586	21,951,121		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension-related deferred outflows	1,389,559		1,389,559		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,389,559		1,389,559		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	159,924		159,924		
Other current liabilities	477,716		477,716		
Unearned reveune		10,233	10,233		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	994,517		994,517		
Due in more than one year	1,038,664		1,038,664		
Total Liabilities	2,670,821	10,233	2,681,054		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property taxes levied for future periods	2,707,135		2,707,135		
Pension related deferred inflows	1,910,018		1,910,018		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,617,153		4,617,153		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	8,012,441	3,212	8,015,653		
Restricted for:					
Capital outlay	1,803,353		1,803,353		
Special education	1,422,238		1,422,238		
SDRS pension purposes	468,157		468,157		
Unrestricted	4,191,931	141,141	4,333,072		
Net Position	\$ 15,898,120	\$ 144,353	\$ 16,042,473		

Statement of Activities – Government-Wide June 30, 2022

								Net (Expenses Changes in				
				Progr	am Revenues	3		Primary G				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		То	otal
Governmental Activities:												
Instruction	\$ 3,191,769	\$		\$	853,817	\$		\$ (2,337,952)	\$		\$ (2,3	337,952)
Support services	2,156,352	•		•		•		(2,156,352)	•			156,352)
Community services	493							(493)			,	(493)
*Interest on Long-term Debt	27,546							(27,546)				(27,546)
Cocurricular activities	373,593		25,940					(347,653)			(3	347,653)
Total Governmental Activities	5,749,753		25,940		853,817			(4,869,996)			(4,8	869,996)
Business-Type Activities:												
Food service	254,769		9,034		306,800					61,065		61,065
Fitness center	8,588		12,891							4,303		4,303
Total Business-Type Activities	263,357		21,925		306,800					65,368		65,368
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,013,110	\$	47,865	\$	1,160,617	\$		(4,869,996)		65,368	(4,8	804,628)
			_	Gen	eral Revenue	s:						
* The District does	not have interest			Ta	xes:	405		6 274 786			6.5	274,786
expense related					Property tax Gross receip			6,274,786 15,529			,	15,529
presented above				Po	venue from S			13,329				13,329
includes indirect in				ive	State aid	itate sources	٠.	124,469			1	124,469
general long-term					Other			124,403			-	
general long term	acst.			Re	venue from F	ederal Sourc	:es	611,957			f	611,957
					venue from I			17,205				17,205
					restricted Inv			250				250
					her General F		0-	99,226				99,226
				Tota	l General Rev	enues		7,143,422			7,1	143,422
				Char	nge in Net Po	sition		2,273,426		65,368	2,3	338,794
					Position - Beg		ar	13,433,848		78,985		512,833
					atements (Se	•		190,846				190,846
				Resta	ted Net Posit	ion - Beginni	ng of Year	13,624,694		78,985	13,7	703,679
				Net	Position - End	d of Year		\$ 15,898,120	\$	144,353	\$ 16,0	042,473

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			·	·
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,033,359	\$ 1,514,716	\$ 1,493,413	\$ 7,041,488
Taxes receivable, current	1,396,624	841,870	468,641	2,707,135
Taxes receivable, delinquent	187,886	69,282	39,040	296,208
Due from other governments	299,168	389,189		688,357
Total Assets	\$ 5,917,037	\$ 2,815,057	\$ 2,001,094	\$ 10,733,188
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 54,361	\$ 100,552	\$ 5,011	\$ 159,924
Contracts payable	327,228		44,731	371,959
Payroll liabilities	79,788		21,433	101,221
Total Liabilities	461,377	100,552	71,175	633,104
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property taxes levied for future periods	1,396,624	841,870	468,641	2,707,135
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	187,886	69,282	39,040	296,208
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,584,510	911,152	507,681	3,003,343
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
For capital outlay		1,803,353		1,803,353
For special education			1,422,238	1,422,238
Assigned:				
For unemployment claims	4,000			4,000
Unassigned	3,867,150			3,867,150
Total Fund Balances	3,871,150	1,803,353	1,422,238	7,096,741
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,917,037	\$ 2,815,057	\$ 2,001,094	\$ 10,733,188

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,096,741
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	988,616
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	10,074,731
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,389,559
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therfore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
CO Certificates	(1,240,000)
Lease Liability	(701,037)
Direct Borrowings	(73,497)
Accrued Leave	(29,109)
Assets, including property taxes receivable, grants receivable, and other receivables that are not available to pay for current period expenditues, are deferred in the governmental funds. Assets at year end consist of:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	296,208
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,910,018)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,536)
Unamortized discounts are immediately recognized as expenditures and other financing sources in the governmental funds.	10,462
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 15,898,120

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,234,996	\$ 1,915,033	\$ 1,070,782	\$ 6,220,811
Prior years ad valorem taxes	6,356	13,353	6,821	26,530
Utility taxes	15,529			15,529
Other	55,067			55,067
Penalties and interest on taxes	6,505	3,134	2,052	11,691
Earnings on investments and deposits	250			250
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	25,940			25,940
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Rentals	2,381			2,381
Contributions and donations	3,818			3,818
Refund of prior year's expenditures	3,805			3,805
Charges for services	1,641		219	1,860
Other	30,347			30,347
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County apportionment	17,205			17,205
Revenue in lieu of taxes	1,140	518	290	1,948
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	124,469			124,469
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received				
directly from federal government	441,031			441,031
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from				
federal government through				
an intermediate source	170,926			170,926
Restricted grants-in-aid received				
from federal government through state	301,161	389,189	111,339	801,689
Other Federal Revenue	52,128			52,128
Total Revenues	\$ 4,494,695	\$ 2,321,227	\$ 1,191,503	\$ 8,007,425

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022(Continued)

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures		- <del> </del>		
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	\$ 904,566	\$ 122,013	\$	\$ 1,026,579
Middle/junior high	475,921	23,065		498,986
High school	759,511	33,631		793,142
Special Programs:		•		
Educationally deprived	111,743			111,743
Programs for special education			586,132	586,132
Support Services:			,	,
Students:				
Attendance and social work	879			879
Guidance	158,714			158,714
Health	1,952		11,151	13,103
Psychological	-,		19,710	19,710
Speech pathology			77,464	77,464
Student therapy services			67,946	67,946
Instructional Staff:			07,540	07,540
Improvement of instruction	21,379			21,379
Educational media	138,971			151,691
General Administration:	130,371	12,720		131,031
Board of education	36,944			36,944
Executive administration	150,537			150,537
School Administration:	130,337			150,557
Office of the principal	202,694			202,694
Other	137			137
Business:	157			157
Fiscal services	161,736	433		162,169
Operation and maintenance of plant	861,296			909,312
Student transportation	19,414			19,414
Internal services	22,566			22,614
Special education:	22,300	40		22,014
•			70.076	70.076
Administrative costs		<del></del>	79,976 39	79,976 39
Transportation costs Nonprogrammed Charges:			39	39
Early retirement payments				
Debt Services		1,013,774		1,013,774
Cocurricular Activities:		1,015,774	<del></del>	1,015,774
Male activities	82,894	8,343		01 227
	· ·	·	<del></del>	91,237
Female activities Combined activities	80,288	3,661	<del></del>	83,949 73,716
	73,716		<del></del>	73,716
Transportation	46,994		<del></del>	46,994
Capital Outlay	4 212 052	1,301,631	042 410	1,301,631
Total Expenditures	4,312,852		842,418	7,722,605
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	181,843	(246,108)	349,085	284,820
Other Financing Sources:				
Inferfund transfers in	299,730			299,730
Interfund transfers (out)		(299,730)		(299,730)
General Long-Term Debt Issued		882,151		882,151
Total Other Financing Sources	299,730	582,421		882,151
Net Change in Fund Balances	481,573	336,313	349,085	1,166,971
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,296,067	1,374,589	1,068,268	5,738,924
Restatement (See Note 13)	93,510	92,451	4,885	190,846
Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,389,577	1,467,040	1,073,153	5,929,770
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,871,150		\$ 1,422,238	\$ 7,096,741
		- <u> </u>		

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,166,971
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital asset purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financials statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	1,301,631
This amount represents the current year depreciation/amortization expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financials statements because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(548,312)
The issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the fund statements but an increase in long-term liabilities on thegovernment wide statements	(882,151)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	981,794
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences and early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated earned by employees are not recognized in the funds.	2,769
In both the government-wide and fund financial statement, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". The amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability criteria".	15,754
Unamortized discounts associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activites. This is the amount by which the deferrals exceed amortization of unamortized discounts for the current period.	(3,500)
Accrued interest expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	7,934
Pension revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	230,536
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,273,426

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund		•		Totals	
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	115,002	\$	30,781	\$	145,783
Accounts receivable		4,586				4,586
Inventory of donated food		1,005				1,005
Total Current Assets		120,593		30,781		151,374
Noncurrent Assets:						
Machinery and equipment - local funds		140,943				140,943
Less accumulated depreciation	(137,731)				(137,731	
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,212				3,212
Total Assets	\$	123,805	\$	30,781	\$	154,586
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Unearned Revenue	\$	10,233	\$		\$	10,233
Total Current Liabilities		10,233				10,233
Total Liabilities		10,233				10,233
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		3,212				3,212
Unrestricted		110,360		30,781		141,141
Total Net Position		113,572		30,781		144,353
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	123,805	\$	30,781	\$	154,586

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund		Other Enterprise Fund		Totals
Operating Revenue:					
Sales to Students	\$ 7,242	\$		\$	7,242
Sales to Adults	1,667				1,667
Other	125		12,891		13,016
Total Operating Revenue	9,034		12,891		21,925
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel			2,977		2,977
Supplies	239,411				239,411
Cost of sales - donated food	14,416				14,416
Miscellaneous			5,611		5,611
Depreciation	942				942
Total Operating Expenses	254,769		8,588		263,357
Operating Income (Loss)	(245,735)		4,303		(241,432)
Non Operating Revenues:					
State Sources:					
Cash reimbursements	718				718
Federal Sources:					
Cash reimbursements	291,666				291,666
Donated food	 14,416				14,416
Total Nonoperating Revenue	306,800				306,800
Change in Net Position	61,065		4,303		65,368
Net Position - Beginning	 52,507		26,478		78,985
Net Position - Ending	\$ 113,572	\$	30,781	\$	144,353

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Fo	od Service Fund	Other terprise Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	331	\$ 12,891	\$ 13,222
Payments to employees		4,850	(2,977)	1,873
Payments to suppliers		(239,392)	 (5,611)	 (245,003)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(234,211)	4,303	 (229,908)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Operating grants		292,384		292,384
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		292,384	 	 292,384
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		58,173	4,303	62,476
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		56,829	 26,478	83,307
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	115,002	\$ 30,781	\$ 145,783
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(245,735)	\$ 4,303	\$ (241,432)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation/amortization expense		942		942
Value of donated commodities used		14,416		14,416
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		,		,
Receivables		(2,703)		(2,703)
Inventories		912		912
Net pension asset		115		115
Accounts and other payables		(893)		(893)
Pension related deferred outflows		19,792		19,792
Pension related deferred inflows		(15,057)		(15,057)
Other deferred inflows of resources		(6,000)		(6,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(234,211)	\$ 4,303	\$ (229,908)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:				
Value of commodities received	\$	14,416	\$ 	\$ 14,416

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Private- Purpose Trust Funds			Custodial Funds		
Assets:			'			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,255	\$	74,465		
Total Assets	\$	9,255	\$	74,465		
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Payables	\$		\$	446		
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	446		
Net Position:						
Restricted for:						
Scholarships - Non-expendable	\$	5,000	\$			
Scholarships - Expendable		4,255				
Individuals, organizations, and other governments				74,019		
Total Net Position	\$	9,255	\$	74,019		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

P	rivate-			
P	urpose	Custodial		
Tru	ıst Funds	Funds		
\$	1,076	\$		
			35	
			151,006	
	1,076	151,041		
			_	
			150,754	
			150,754	
	1,076		287	
	8,179		73,732	
\$	9,255	\$	74,019	
	\$	1,076  1,076  1,076  8,179	Purpose Trust Funds  \$ 1,076	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

## a. Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Hill City School District No. 51-2 (the District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other School Districts. See Note 10 - 10 Joint Venture for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in the notes because of the nature of their relationship with the District.

# b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements:**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Positions are displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

#### c. Fund Types and Major Funds:

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

#### **Governmental Funds:**

General Fund – The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Special Revenue Fund Types – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund — A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

Enterprise Fund Types – Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise fund is as follows:

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Other Enterprise Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the fitness center. This fund is financed by user charges. This is not a major fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds:**

Fiduciary Funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types — Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains several Scholarship Funds. The purpose of these funds is to provide scholarships to qualifying students.

Custodial Fund Types – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The district maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### d. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

#### **Measurement Focus:**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting:**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

#### Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Receivables, such as taxes receivable and grants receivable, may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred inflows of resources are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### e. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities withing in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns.

#### f. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### g. <u>Inventory</u>:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories.

Donated commodities are valued at acquisition value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

Inventory in the governmental funds and governmental activities consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. In the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed. Inventories reported in the fund financial statement are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Nonspendable fund balances related to inventory are reported net of the related liability (accounts payable). The governmental funds did not report any inventory balances as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### h. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

#### i. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

Canitalization

Estimated.

	Ca	pitalization	Estimated
	T	hreshold	Useful Life
Land		All	
Buildings	\$	50,000	50 yrs
Improvements	\$	25,000	10-20 yrs
Machinery and equipment	\$	5,000	5-30 yrs
Intangible lease assets	\$	45,000	5-30 yrs

Depreciation/amortization expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation/amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated/amortized.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### j. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences, capital outlay certificates payable, direct borrowings, and leases.

Compensated Absences Payable – Compensated absences payable is the annual leave earned by employees. Vacation leave is earned by 12 month2- employees at varying rates depending on years of service. Sick leave is earned by the employees at the rate of one day for each month worked. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave; employees are not entitled to compensation for sick leave balances. Accrued leave payable balances are reported in Note 5 as compensated absences. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds, these amounts are charged as an expenditure at the time of termination or when the benefit becomes payable to the employees.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

#### k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

The District reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected within the available period; property taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year; and capital credits that are owed to the District but will be received at some point in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for property taxes levied for a future period and pension-related items.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### Net Position and Fund Balance:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. Net position includes the following three components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates of other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments of (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – Represents all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

Governmental fund equity is classed as fund balance, which is distinguished between the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Constraints are placed on the use of resources by either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted. Amounts can be assigned by committees of the School Board or management of the District.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use assigned, then unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does not have a minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary net positions are classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### m. Proprietary Fund Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

#### n. Program Revenues:

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties' other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

<u>Charges for Services</u> – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

<u>Program Revenues – Operating Grants and Contributions</u> – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the use in a particular program.

<u>Program Revenues – Capital Grants and Contributions</u> – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

#### o. <u>Leases:</u>

The School District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of copiers and computers. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$45,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments:

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA", or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The District's policy is to report deposits at cost plus interest and credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment with the exception of the general checking account whose interest income is credited to the General Fund.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent. As of June 30, 2022, the District did not have any investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 2. Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Certificates of deposit, with a term to maturity of greater than 3 months when purchased, when insured or collateralized and are considered deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to credit risk as all deposits were fully collateralize by pledged securities.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount that may be deposited with any one financial institution or invested with any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments:

As of June 30, 2022, amounts due from other governments as reported in the financial statements consisted of the following:

SD Department of Education \$ 688,357

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

## 4. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 388,891	\$	\$	\$ 388,891
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	388,891			388,891
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings	13,800,957			13,800,957
Improvements	819,521	98,279		917,800
Equipment	1,378,330	321,201		1,699,531
Intangible Lease Assets		882,151		882,151
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	15,998,808	1,301,631		17,300,439
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings	5,295,925	282,464		5,578,389
Equipment	1,174,793	51,098		1,225,891
Improvements	595,569	31,771		627,340
Intangible Lease Assets		182,979		182,979
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	7,066,287	548,312		7,614,599
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	8,932,521	753,319		9,685,840
Net Capital Assets	\$ 9,321,412	\$ 753,319	\$	\$ 10,074,731

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 408,492
Support services	61,630
Community services	493
Co-curricular activities	 77,697
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 548,312

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

### 4. Changes in Capital Assets: (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows: (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:	_	Balance /1/2021	Inc	reases	Deci	reases	3alance /30/2022
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$	140,943	\$		\$		\$ 140,943
Less accumulated depreciation for: Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	136,789		942			137,731
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,154	\$	(942)	\$		\$ 3,212

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:
Food service \$

942

All depreciation expense related to the business-type activities was for the Food Service Fund.

#### 5. Long-Term Liabilities:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Increase	Decrease	Balance Decrease 6/30/2022	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
General Obligation Debt					
Capital Outlay					
Certificates	\$ 1,970,000	\$	\$ 730,000	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 745,000
Capital Outlay Certificates					
Discounts	(13,962)		(3,500)	(10,462)	3,500
Direct Borrowings	144,177		70,680	73,497	73,497
Leases		882,151	181,114	701,037	167,520
Subtotal	2,100,215	882,151	978,294	2,004,072	989,517
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	31,878		2,769	29,109	5,000
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,132,093	\$ 882,151	\$ 981,063	\$ 2,033,181	\$ 994,517

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

#### 5. Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Capital outlay certificates and other general obligations at June 30, 2022 were comprised of the following:

2016 Capital Outlay Certificates, Bearing Interest at Fixed Rates Ranging from 0.80% to 1.55%, Due 06/30/2024	\$ 1,240,000
2016 Capital Outlay Certificates Discount	(10,462)
Direct Borrowings	
Wells Fargo Computer Lease, interest rate 3.99%	
Annual payments of \$76,426	73,497
Leases	
Century Business Copier Lease, interest rate 4%	
Monthly payments of \$1,425	33,147
Harlow Bus Contract, imputed interest rate of 3.25%	
Annual payments of \$167,373 increasing annually until FY26	 667,890
	\$ 2,004,072

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, excluding compensated absences, are as follows:

Year								
Ending	 General Ob	General Obligation Debt			Direct Bo	Borrowings		
June 30,	Principal	ı	Interest P		rincipal	li	nterest	
2023	\$ 745,000	\$	12,888	\$	73,497	\$	2,932	
2024	495,000		3,836					
2025								
2026	 							
<b>Total Payments</b>	\$ 1,240,000	\$	16,724	\$	73,497	\$	2,932	

Year Ending	 Capita	l Lease	<u>:</u>		Principal		Interest		
June 30,	 Principal Inter		Interest		Interest		Totals		Totals
2023	\$ 167,523	\$	22,804	\$	986,020	\$	38,624		
2024	178,205		17,320		673,205		21,156		
2025	172,060		11,721		172,060		11,721		
2026	 183,249		6,045		183,249		6,045		
<b>Total Payments</b>	\$ 701,037	\$	57,890	\$	2,014,534	\$	77,546		

Payments of all capital outlay certificates are made from the Capital Outlay fund. Compensated absence payments are made from the fund that the related payroll expenditures are charged.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 6. Restricted Net Position:

The following table shows the components of restricted net position as presented on the Statement of Net Position:

Major Purposes	Restricted By	 Total
Capital Outlay Purposes	State Law	\$ 1,803,353
Special Education Purposes	State Law	1,422,238
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	State Law	 468,157
		\$ 3,693,748

#### 7. Property Tax:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

State statute allows the General Fund tax rates to be increased by special election of the voters.

#### 8. Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

\$299,730 Transfer from the capital outlay fund to cover the expenditures in the general fund for insurance, utilities, and fuel.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan:

#### a. Plan Information:

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vest after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering, and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <a href="http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx">http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx</a> or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

#### b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.

• If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

#### c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, were:

Year		Amount				
2022	\$	178,937				
2021		175,806				
2020	Ś	175.482				

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u>
Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.52% funded and accordingly has a net pension (asset). The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension (asset) of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 and reported by the District as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 17,900,236
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	18,888,852
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (988,616)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$988,616) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.12909100%, which is a decrease of (0.0035531%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized reduction of pension expense of (\$225,686). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	35,494	\$	2,592
Changes in Assumption		1,136,898		495,085
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments				1,412,258
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between School District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		38,230		83
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		178,937		
Total	\$	1,389,559	\$	1,910,018

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

\$178,937 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (156,113)
2024	(112,274)
2025	(33,705)
2026	(397,304)
Total	\$ (699,396)

#### e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25

years of service

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an

average inflation rate of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%.

Future COLAs 2.25%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100%	

#### f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

#### g. Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1%		ent Discount	1%
	 Decrease		Rate	 Increase
School Districts proportionate share	 		_	 _
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,600,815	\$	(988,616)	\$ (3,090,632)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

#### 10. Joint Venture:

The District participates in the Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (the Co-op), a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special education and other services to the member school districts. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the district paid \$3,000 for services provided by the Co-op.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Belle Fourche School District	8.33%	Hot Springs School District	8.33%
Custer School District	8.33%	Lead/Deadwood School District	8.33%
Douglas School District	8.33%	Meade School District	8.33%
Edgemont School District	8.33%	Oelrichs School District	8.33%
Haakon School District	8.33%	Rapid City School District	8.33%
Hill City School District	8.33%	Spearfish School District	8.33%

The Co-op's governing board is comprised of one representative, a school Board member, from each member school district. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to BHSSC, PO Box 218, Sturgis SD 57785.

At June 30, 2022, this joint venture had assets of \$11,278,139, deferred inflows of \$2,951,237, liabilities of \$1,107,259, and net position of \$7,219,643 (unaudited).

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

#### 11. Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2022, the District managed its risks as follows:

#### Employee Health Insurance:

The District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. The plan provides either a deductible of \$1,500 per person or \$4,500 per family, or a deductible of \$2,000 per person up to \$6,000 per family with the use of a health savings account. The District pays varying premiums based on the deducible selected. The coverage also includes a \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

#### Liability Insurance:

The District purchases insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property, general liability, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage for the last three years.

#### Workers' Compensation:

The District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

#### **Unemployment Benefits:**

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting in claims for unemployment benefits. The District has assigned funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$4,000 for the payment of future unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2022, no claims were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

#### 12. Concentrations:

The District is dependent upon grant revenues, property taxes and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

#### 13. Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions:

The District is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the fund level. Significant overdrafts of expenditures compared to appropriations were \$820,380 in the capital outlay fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### 14. Restatement and Implementation of New Standards:

Beginning fund balances are restated to correct understated cash and overstated expenditures from FY21.

As of June 30, 2022, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases. The implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning net position.

The School District restated the net position and fund balances indicated below to appropriately reflect the July 1, 2021 balances as follows:

General Fund:	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 3,296,067
Restatement due to understatement of cash	93,510
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 3,389,577
Capital Outlay Fund:	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 1,374,589
Restatement due to understatement of cash	92,451
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 1,467,040
Special Education Fund:	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 1,068,268
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021, as previously reported Restatement due to understatement of cash	\$ 1,068,268 4,885
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Restatement due to understatement of cash	4,885
Restatement due to understatement of cash	4,885
Restatement due to understatement of cash  Fund Balance - July 1, 2021, as restated	4,885
Restatement due to understatement of cash  Fund Balance - July 1, 2021, as restated  Governmental Activities:	\$ 1,073,153
Restatement due to understatement of cash  Fund Balance - July 1, 2021, as restated  Governmental Activities:  Net Position - June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 1,073,153 \$ 13,433,848

#### 15. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis
June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,030,500	\$ 3,030,500	\$ 3,234,996	\$ 204,496
Prior years ad valorem taxes	35,000	35,000	6,356	(28,644)
Utility taxes	105,000	105,000	15,529	(89,471)
Other			55,067	55,067
Penalties and interest on taxes	15,000	15,000	6,505	(8,495)
Earnings on investments and deposits	300	300	250	(50)
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	28,000	28,000	25,940	(2,060)
Other Local Revenue:				
Rentals	1,500	1,500	2,381	881
Contributions and donations	10,000	10,000	3,818	(6,182)
Refund of prior year's expenditures			3,805	3,805
Charges for services	3,500	3,500	1,641	(1,859)
Other	20,000	20,000	30,347	10,347
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County apportionment	19,000	19,000	17,205	(1,795)
Revenue in lieu of taxes	17,000	17,000	1,140	(15,860)
Revenue from State Sources:	,	,	,	, , ,
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	100,000	100,000	124,469	24,469
Restricted grants-in-aid	1,000	1,000	, 	(1,000)
Revenue from Federal Sources:	,	•		, , ,
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received				
directly from federal government	441,031	441,031	441,031	
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received	,	,	,	
from federal government through an				
intermediate source	125,000	125,000	170,926	45,926
Restricted grants-in-aid received	123,000		_, 0,320	.5,525
from federal government through state	821,083	309,083	301,161	(7,922)
Other Federal Revenue	15,000	15,000	52,128	37,128
Total Revenues	\$ 4,787,914	\$ 4,275,914	\$ 4,494,695	\$ 218,781
rotal herenaes	Ÿ .,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 .,_,,,,,,	7 1,151,055	7 210,701

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Expenditures Instructional Services: Regular Programs: Elementary Middle/junior high High school Special Programs: Educationally deprived	\$	938,237 462,772 765,247 92,231	\$	1,045,287 507,872 793,877	Am \$	904,566 475,921		Positive legative)
Instructional Services: Regular Programs: Elementary Middle/junior high High school Special Programs:		938,237 462,772 765,247	\$	1,045,287 507,872	\$	904,566		
Instructional Services: Regular Programs: Elementary Middle/junior high High school Special Programs:	\$	462,772 765,247	\$	507,872	•	•	\$	140 721
Regular Programs: Elementary Middle/junior high High school Special Programs:	\$	462,772 765,247	\$	507,872	•	•	\$	140 721
Elementary Middle/junior high High school Special Programs:	\$	462,772 765,247	\$	507,872	•	•	\$	140 731
Middle/junior high High school Special Programs:	\$	462,772 765,247	Ş	507,872	•	•	Ş	
High school Special Programs:		765,247		•		<i>4</i> 75 921		140,721
Special Programs:		·		793 877				31,951
		92,231		755,677		759,511		34,366
Educationally denrived		92,231						
				92,231		111,743		(19,512)
Support Services:								
Students:								
Attendance and social work		100		100		879		(779)
Guidance		162,049		162,049		158,714		3,335
Health		4,000		4,000		1,952		2,048
Instructional Staff:								
Improvement of instruction		50,500		50,500		21,379		29,121
Educational media		145,392		145,392		138,971		6,421
General Administration:								
Board of education		63,074		63,074		36,944		26,130
Executive administration		150,833		150,833		150,537		296
School Administration:								
Office of the principal		208,218		208,218		202,694		5,524
Other						137		(137)
Business:								( - /
Fiscal services		184,645		184,645		161,736		22,909
Operation and maintenance of plant		796,920		810,920		861,296		(50,376)
Student transportation		161,224		161,224		19,414		141,810
Internal services		34,500		34,500		22,566		11,934
Cocurricular Activities:		3 1,300		3 1,300		22,300		11,55
Male activities		101,705		101,705		82,894		18,811
Female activities		81,780		81,780		80,288		1,492
Combined activities		71,273		71,273		73,716		(2,443)
Transportation		58,780		58,780		46,994		11,786
		688,000				40,334		493,220
Contingencies				493,220		212 052		
Total Expenditures		5,221,480		5,221,480	4,	312,852		908,628
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(433,566)		(945,566)		181,843		1,127,409
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		873,893		873,893		299,730		(574,163)
Transfers (out)		(441,031)		(441,031)				441,031
Sale of surplus property		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):		433,862		433,862		299,730		(134,132)
Net Change in Fund Balances		296		(511,704)		481,573		993,277
Fund Balance, Beginning	3	3,296,067		3,296,067	3,	296,067		
Restatement (See Note 13)						93,510		93,510
Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3	3,296,067		3,296,067	3,	389,577		93,510
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3	3,296,363	\$	2,784,363	\$ 3,	871,150	\$	1,086,787

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Outlay Fund – Budgetary Basis
June 30, 2022

Revenues         Original         Final         Amounts         (Requive           Revenue from Local Sources:         Taxes:         Taxes: <th></th> <th>Budgeted</th> <th>l Amounts</th> <th>Actual</th> <th colspan="3">Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 1,750,000 \$ 1,750,000 \$ 1,915,033 \$ 165,000 for year and valorem taxes \$ 1,750,000 \$ 1,750,000 \$ 1,915,033 \$ 165,000 for year and valorem taxes \$ 14,000 14,000 13,353 (165,000 for year and valorem taxes \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 3,134 \$ (1.8. 6.8. 6.9. 6.9. 6.9. 6.9. 6.9. 6.9. 6							
Taxes: Audorem taxes Prior year ad valorem taxes Revenue from Intermediate Sources: Revenue from Intermediate Sources: Revenue from Intermediate Sources: Revenue from Federal Sources: Restricted grants-in-aid from Federal government through state Prior year year year year year year year yea	Revenues				(110801110)		
Ad valorem taxes	Revenue from Local Sources:						
Prior year ad valorem taxes	Taxes:						
Penalties and interest on taxes   5,000   5,000   3,134   (1.8   Revenue from Intermediate Sources: Revenue in lieu of taxes   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   6,000   518   (5,4   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,000   6,	Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 1,915,033	\$ 165,033		
Revenue In liter of taxes 6,000 6,000 518 (5,4 Revenue In lite of taxes 6,000 6,000 518 (5,4 Revenue In lite of taxes 7,54 Revenue In lite of taxes 8,54 Revenue In lite of taxes 8,54 Revenue from Federal Sources:  Restricted grants-in-aid from 6	Prior year ad valorem taxes	14,000	14,000	13,353	(647)		
Revenue in lieu of taxes         6,000         6,000         518         (5,4)           Revenue from Federal Sources:         Restricted grants-in-aid from federal government through state Total Revenues         — 529,934         389,189         (140,7)           Total Revenues         — 1,775,000         23,04,934         2,321,227         16,2           Expenditures           Instructional Services:           Elementary         20,000         20,000         122,013         (102,0           Middle school         35,000         35,000         33,631         1,3           Special Programs:         — Programs for special education         5,000         5,000         — 5,0           Support Services:         — 1,000         5,000         — 5,0         5,000         — 5,0           Support Services:         — 5,000         5,000         — 12,720         42,2         2,000         — 1,00         — 1,0         42,2         2,000         — 1,0         42,2         2,000         — 1,0         42,2         2,000         — 1,0         42,2         2,000         — 1,0         42,2         2,000         — 1,0         42,2         2,0         42,2         2,0         42,2         2,0         42,2         2,0         4	Penalties and interest on taxes	5,000	5,000	3,134	(1,866)		
Restricted grants-in-aid from Federal Sources: Restricted grants-in-aid from Federal Sources:   1,775,000   2,304,934   2,321,227   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20   16,20	Revenue from Intermediate Sources:						
Restricted grants-in-aid from federal government through state	Revenue in lieu of taxes	6,000	6,000	518	(5,482)		
Federal government through state	Revenue from Federal Sources:						
Total Revenues   1,775,000   2,304,934   2,321,227   16,22	Restricted grants-in-aid from						
Instructional Services:   Elementary   20,000   20,000   122,013   (102,0   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000   104,000	federal government through state			389,189	(140,745)		
Instructional Services:   Elementary   20,000   20,000   122,013   (102,013   Middle school   20,000   20,000   23,065   (3,014   103,000   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,31   (3,000   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,31   (3,000   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,31   (3,000   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,31   (3,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,000   35,0	Total Revenues	1,775,000	2,304,934	2,321,227	16,293		
Elementary   20,000   20,000   122,013   (102,016   Middle school   20,000   20,000   23,065   (3,016   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,316   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,316   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,316   35,000   35,000   -	Expenditures						
Middle school     20,000     20,000     23,065     (3,061)       High school     35,000     35,000     33,631     1,3       Special Programs:     Programs for special education     5,000     5,000     -     5,00       Support Services:     Instructional staff:       Educational media     55,000     55,000     12,720     42,2       Business:     Fiscal services     5,000     5,000     433     4,5       Facilities acquisition and construction     150,000     450,000     144,579     305,4       Operation and maintenance of plant     -     244,934     1,199,073     (954,1       Student transportation services     39,000     39,000     -     39,0       Internal services     20,000     20,000     48     19,9       Debt Services     835,021     835,021     1,013,774     (178,7       Cocurricular Activities:     9,000     9,000     8,343     6       Female activities     9,000     9,000     3,661     5,3       Combined activities     9,000     9,000     8,343     6       Excess of Revenue Over (Under)     572,979     557,979     (246,108)     (804,0       Other Financing Sources (Uses):     7							
High school   35,000   35,000   33,631   1,3	•	·	•	,	(102,013)		
Special Programs:         Programs for special education         5,000         5,000         -         5,0           Support Services:         Instructional staff:         Educational media         55,000         55,000         12,720         42,2           Business:         Fiscal services         5,000         5,000         433         4,5           Facilities acquisition and construction         150,000         450,000         144,579         305,4           Operation and maintenance of plant          244,934         1,199,073         (954,1           Operation and maintenance of plant          244,934         1,199,073         (954,1           Student transportation services         39,000         39,000          39,0           Internal services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9           Debt Services         835,021         835,021         1,013,774         (178,7           Cocurricular Activities:         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         8,361         5,3           Combined activities           5,995         (5,9           Total Expenditures         572,979		•	•	•	(3,065)		
Programs for special education         5,000         5,000         -         5,00           Support Services:         Instructional staff:         Educational media         55,000         55,000         12,720         42,2           Business:         5,000         55,000         133         4,5           Fiscal services         5,000         5,000         144,579         305,4           Operation and maintenance of plant         -         244,934         1,199,073         (954,1           Student transportation services         39,000         39,000         -         39,0           Internal services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9           Debt Services         835,021         335,021         1,013,774         (178,7           Cocurricular Activities:         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Combined activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,0	High school	35,000	35,000	33,631	1,369		
Support Services:   Instructional staff:   Educational media   55,000   55,000   12,720   42,20   Business:	-						
Instructional staff:     Educational media 55,000 55,000 12,720 42,2     Business:     Fiscal services 5,000 5,000 433 4,5     Facilities acquisition and construction 150,000 450,000 144,579 305,4     Operation and maintenance of plant - 244,934 1,199,073 (954,1     Student transportation services 39,000 39,000 - 39,00     Internal services 20,000 20,000 48 19,9     Debt Services 835,021 835,021 1,013,774 (178,7     Cocurricular Activities:     Male activities 9,000 9,000 8,343 6     Female activities 9,000 9,000 3,661 5,3     Combined activities 9,000 9,000 3,661 5,3     Combined activities 1,202,021 1,746,955 2,567,335 (820,3  Excess of Revenue Over (Under)     Expenditures 572,979 557,979 (246,108) (804,0  Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Transfer in		5,000	5,000		5,000		
Educational media     55,000     55,000     12,720     42,22       Business:     **** Fiscal services**     5,000     5,000     433     4,5       Facilities acquisition and construction     150,000     450,000     144,579     305,4       Operation and maintenance of plant      244,934     1,199,073     (954,1       Student transportation services     39,000     39,000      39,0       Internal services     20,000     20,000     48     19,9       Debt Services     835,021     835,021     1,013,774     (178,7       Cocurricular Activities:     9,000     9,000     8,343     6       Female activities     9,000     9,000     8,343     6       Female activities     9,000     9,000     8,361     5,3       Combined activities       5,995     (5,9       Total Expenditures     1,202,021     1,746,955     2,567,335     (820,3)       Excess of Revenue Over (Under)     Expenditures     572,979     557,979     (246,108)     (804,0)       Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Transfer in        882,151     882,151       General-Long Term Debt Issued <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Business:   Fiscal services   5,000   5,000   433   4,5     Facilities acquisition and construction   150,000   450,000   144,579   305,4     Operation and maintenance of plant   244,934   1,199,073   (954,1     Student transportation services   39,000   39,000   39,0     Internal services   20,000   20,000   48   19,9     Debt Services   835,021   835,021   1,013,774   (178,7     Cocurricular Activities:							
Fiscal services         5,000         5,000         433         4,5           Facilities acquisition and construction         150,000         450,000         144,579         305,4           Operation and maintenance of plant          244,934         1,199,073         (954,1           Student transportation services         39,000         39,000          39,0           Internal services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9           Debt Services         835,021         835,021         1,013,774         (178,7           Courricular Activities:         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Combined activities           5,995         (5,9           Total Expenditures         1,202,021         1,746,955         2,567,335         (820,3           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         Expenditures         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,0           Other Financing Sources (Uses):               Transfer in           82,151         882,151           General-Long		55,000	55,000	12,720	42,280		
Facilities acquisition and construction         150,000         450,000         144,579         305,4           Operation and maintenance of plant							
Operation and maintenance of plant          244,934         1,199,073         (954,1 Student transportation services         39,000         39,000          39,00 lnternal services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9 Debt Services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9 Debt Services         835,021         835,021         1,013,774         (178,7 Debt Services)         1,013,774         (178,7 Debt Services)         33,000         9,000         9,000         8,343         60         60         61         5,3 Services         61         5,3 Services         61         5,3 Services         62,9 Se		•	•		4,567		
Student transportation services         39,000         39,000          39,00           Internal services         20,000         20,000         48         19,9           Debt Services         835,021         835,021         1,013,774         (178,7           Courricular Activities:         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Combined activities           5,995         (5,9           Total Expenditures         1,202,021         1,746,955         2,567,335         (820,3           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         Expenditures         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,0           Other Financing Sources (Uses):          -         -         -         -           Transfer in          -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	•	150,000	•	-	305,421		
Internal services			•		(954,139)		
Debt Services       835,021       835,021       1,013,774       (178,77)         Cocurricular Activities:       9,000       9,000       8,343       6         Female activities       9,000       9,000       3,661       5,3         Combined activities         5,995       (5,9         Total Expenditures       1,202,021       1,746,955       2,567,335       (820,3         Excess of Revenue Over (Under)       Expenditures       572,979       557,979       (246,108)       (804,0         Other Financing Sources (Uses):              Transfer in         82,151       882,151         General-Long Term Debt Issued         882,151       882,151         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (432,562)       (432,562)       582,421       1,014,9         Net Change in Fund Balances       140,417       125,417       336,313       210,8         Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,467,040       92,44	·	•	•		39,000		
Cocurricular Activities:         Male activities       9,000       9,000       8,343       6         Female activities       9,000       9,000       3,661       5,3         Combined activities         5,995       (5,9         Total Expenditures       1,202,021       1,746,955       2,567,335       (820,3         Excess of Revenue Over (Under)       Expenditures       572,979       557,979       (246,108)       (804,0         Other Financing Sources (Uses):             Transfer in              Transfer (out)       (432,562)       (432,562)       (299,730)       132,8         General-Long Term Debt Issued         882,151       882,1         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (432,562)       (432,562)       582,421       1,014,9         Net Change in Fund Balances       140,417       125,417       336,313       210,8         Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restatement (See Note 13) <td></td> <td>·</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>19,952</td>		·	•		19,952		
Male activities         9,000         9,000         8,343         6           Female activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Combined activities            5,995         (5,9           Total Expenditures         1,202,021         1,746,955         2,567,335         (820,3           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,0           Other Financing Sources (Uses):               Transfer in                Transfer (out)         (432,562)         (432,562)         (299,730)         132,8         882,1           General-Long Term Debt Issued           882,151         882,1         882,1           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (432,562)         (432,562)         582,421         1,014,9         92,4           Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4		835,021	835,021	1,013,774	(178,753)		
Female activities         9,000         9,000         3,661         5,3           Combined activities           5,995         (5,9           Total Expenditures         1,202,021         1,746,955         2,567,335         (820,3           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,0           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Transfer in              Transfer (out)         (432,562)         (432,562)         (299,730)         132,8           General-Long Term Debt Issued           882,151         882,1           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (432,562)         (432,562)         582,421         1,014,9           Net Change in Fund Balances         140,417         125,417         336,313         210,8           Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4							
Combined activities         —         —         5,995         (5,95)           Total Expenditures         1,202,021         1,746,955         2,567,335         (820,33)           Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         Expenditures         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,00)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Transfer in         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         — <td< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>657</td></td<>		•	•	•	657		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,000)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):                                                                                                  <		9,000	9,000		5,339		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures 572,979 557,979 (246,108) (804,000)  Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Transfer in Transfer (out) (432,562) (432,562) (299,730) 132,8 General-Long Term Debt Issued 882,151 882,1  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (432,562) (432,562) 582,421 1,014,9  Net Change in Fund Balances 140,417 125,417 336,313 210,8  Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,374,589 1,374,589 1,374,589  Restatement (See Note 13) 92,451 (92,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4		1 202 024	1 746 055		(5,995)		
Expenditures         572,979         557,979         (246,108)         (804,00)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Transfer in               Transfer (out)         (432,562)         (432,562)         (299,730)         132,8           General-Long Term Debt Issued           882,151         882,1           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (432,562)         (432,562)         582,421         1,014,9           Net Change in Fund Balances         140,417         125,417         336,313         210,8           Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589           Restatement (See Note 13)           92,451         (92,4           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4	Total Expenditures	1,202,021	1,746,955	2,567,335	(820,380)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Transfer in             Transfer (out)       (432,562)       (432,562)       (299,730)       132,8         General-Long Term Debt Issued         882,151       882,1         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (432,562)       (432,562)       582,421       1,014,9         Net Change in Fund Balances       140,417       125,417       336,313       210,8         Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restatement (See Note 13)         92,451       (92,4         Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,467,040       92,4	Excess of Revenue Over (Under)						
Transfer in                            882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         882,151         98,241         98,241         98,241	Expenditures	572,979	557,979	(246,108)	(804,087)		
Transfer (out)         (432,562)         (432,562)         (299,730)         132,8           General-Long Term Debt Issued           882,151         882,1           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (432,562)         (432,562)         582,421         1,014,9           Net Change in Fund Balances         140,417         125,417         336,313         210,8           Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589           Restatement (See Note 13)           92,451         (92,4           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4	• • •						
General-Long Term Debt Issued           882,151         882,1           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (432,562)         (432,562)         582,421         1,014,9           Net Change in Fund Balances         140,417         125,417         336,313         210,8           Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,374,589           Restatement (See Note 13)           92,451         (92,4           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4		<del></del>	<del></del>				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (432,562)       (432,562)       582,421       1,014,9         Net Change in Fund Balances       140,417       125,417       336,313       210,8         Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restatement (See Note 13)         92,451       (92,4         Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,467,040       92,4		(432,562)	(432,562)		132,832		
Net Change in Fund Balances       140,417       125,417       336,313       210,8         Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restatement (See Note 13)         92,451       (92,4         Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,467,040       92,4	General-Long Term Debt Issued			882,151	882,151		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,374,589         Restatement (See Note 13)         92,451       (92,451)         Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year       1,374,589       1,374,589       1,467,040       92,451	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(432,562)	(432,562)	582,421	1,014,983		
Restatement (See Note 13)           92,451         (92,4           Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4	Net Change in Fund Balances	140,417	125,417	336,313	210,896		
Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year         1,374,589         1,374,589         1,467,040         92,4		1,374,589	1,374,589				
					(92,451)		
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 1.515.006 \$ 1.500.006 \$ 1.803.353 \$ 303.3					92,451		
, -// + -// + -//	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,515,006	\$ 1,500,006	\$ 1,803,353	\$ 303,347		

# Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2022

	Rudgotod	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	Original	rinai	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 985,200	\$ 985,200	\$ 1,070,782	\$ 85,582
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	7,500	7,500	6,821	(679)
Penalties and interest on taxes	3,500	3,500	2,052	(1,448)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Charges for services	750	750	219	(531)
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
Revenue in lieu of taxes	2,000	2,000	290	(1,710)
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted grants-in-aid received from				
federal government through state	77,672	77,672	111,339	33,667
rederal government tinough state	77,072	77,072	111,339	33,007
Total Revenues	1,076,622	1,076,622	1,191,503	114,881
e 19				
Expenditures				
In the still of Commission				
Instructional Services:				
Special Programs:	C10 700	C10 700	FOC 122	24.657
Programs for special education Support Services:	610,789	610,789	586,132	24,657
Students:				
Health	Г 000	Г 000	11 151	(C 151)
	5,000	5,000	11,151	(6,151)
Psychological	31,000	31,000	19,710	11,290
Speech pathology	90,000	90,000	77,464	12,536
Student therapy services	85,000	85,000	67,946	17,054
Orientation and mobility services	500	500		500
Business:	1 000	1 000		1 000
Student transportation services	1,000	1,000		1,000
Special Education:	06 533	06 522	70.076	6.557
Administration costs	86,533	86,533	79,976	6,557
Transportation costs	500	500	39	461
Total Funandituras	010 222	010 222	042 410	67.004
Total Expenditures	910,322	910,322	842,418	67,904
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	166,300	166,300	349,085	182,785
Excess of Neverlaes over (officer) Experiancies	100,500	100,500	3 13,003	102,703
Net Change in Fund Balance	166,300	166,300	349,085	182,785
-	•	•	•	•
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,068,268	1,068,268	1,068,268	
Restatement (See Note 13)			4,885	4,885
Restated Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,068,268	1,068,268	1,073,153	4,885
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,234,568	\$ 1,234,568	\$ 1,422,238	\$ 187,670

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2022

#### Note 1 – Basis of Presentation:

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

#### Note 2 – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in number (8).
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school Board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information be presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

Hill City School District No 51-2
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) South Dakota Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1290910%	0.1326441%	0.1387418%	0.1563179%	0.1618340%	0.1642107%	0.1667829%	0.1769504%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (988,616)	\$ (5,761)	\$ (14,703)	\$ (3,646)	\$ (14,687)	\$ 554,688	\$ (707,374)	\$ (1,274,855)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,931,093	\$ 2,965,290	\$ 2,949,937	\$ 3,244,769	\$ 3,287,678	\$ 3,076,550	\$ 3,060,634	\$ 3,060,634
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.73%	0.19%	0.50%	0.11%	0.45%	18.03%	23.11%	41.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.29

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

<sup>\*\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

## **Hill City School District No 51-2**Schedule of the School District Contributions - South Dakota Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	_	2018	2017	2016	 2015
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 178,937	\$ 175,806	\$ 175,482	\$ 176,996	\$	194,686	\$ 197,288	\$ 184,593	\$ 183,638
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	178,937	 175,806	 175,482	176,996		194,686	 197,288	184,593	183,638
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,982,284	\$ 2,931,093	\$ 2,965,290	\$ 2,949,937	\$	3,244,769	\$ 3,287,678	\$ 3,076,550	\$ 3,060,634
Contributions as a percentage of employee-covered payroll	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%		6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%

<sup>\*\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Changes from Prior Valuation**

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and one plan provision change are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

#### **Benefit Provision Changes**

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

#### **Actuarial Assumption Changes**

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

#### **Actuarial Method Changes**

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

**Supplementary Information** 

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Pass through the S.D Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	NSLP-17-139	\$ 14,415	
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program (Note 4)	10.553		70,898	
National School Lunch Program (Note 4)	10.555	NSLP-17-139	220,768	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				306,081
Other Programs:				
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665			170,926
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				477,007
U.S. Department of Education:				
Impact Aid	84.041			441,031
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170041		96,113
Rural Education	84.358			52,128
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	S367A170039		21,399
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.424D	S424A170043		257,238
American Rescue Plan Emelentary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.424U	S425U210050		315,600
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A270091	108,095	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170091	3,244	
Total Special Education Cluster				111,339
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,294,848
Grand Total				\$ 1,771,855

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
June 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Hill City School District No. 51-2 under programs of the federal government for the year ended JUNE 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hill City School District No. 51-2, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Hill City School District No. 51-2.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 3. Indirect Cost Rate:

Hill City School District does not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 4. Federal Reimbursements:

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

## School District Officials June 30, 2022

Dennis Krull	Drosidant
Robert Timm	
Angela Ross	Member
Carmen Ronish	Member
John Stam	Member
Blake Gardner	Superintendent
Anjar Voorhees	Business Manager